

When Population PK modeling helps drive oncology phase I trial: First implementation of Exposure Driven dose Escalation With Overdose Control (ED-EWOC) design

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Pharmaceutical Sciences



[1] Ursino, M., Zohar, S., Lentz, F., Alberti, C., Friede, T., Stallard, N., & Comets, E. (2017). Dose-finding methods for Phase I clinical trials using pharmacokinetics in small populations. *Biometrical Journal*.

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Implemented

When PK is non linear

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- in a multi center, open label, phase I, dose finding study in patients with late stage cancer

When PK variability is large (and particularly when it can be explained by covariates)

- Pilot, actual dose escalation in the study was driven by EWOC

Methodology explored using simulations of similar CRM-designs^[1]

escalation process and in the dose recommendation:



ED-EWOC as a new design for dose finding trials

ED-EWOC can provide benefit through **exposure quantification** in the **dose**



AUC explains DLT better than dose





AUC explains DLT better than dose



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AUC explains DLT better than dose





Exposure driven EWOC is an iterative adaptive process





From Cohort 3 (2.5mg) to Cohort 4 (2.75mg) : dose recommendation with ED-EWOC







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Learnings and conclusion



Key results

- The process for dose escalation recommendation from ED-EWOC was smooth, (well specified responsibilities)
- ED-EWOC is implementable from an operational perspective, (1 additional week required for data analysis and for running design)

	EWOC	ED-EWOC	
Advantage / Benefit	 Quite simple implementation Software available (CRMPack) 	 Quantitate the impact of PK variability on clinical endpoint Characterization of PK and PD related uncertainty Leverage prior knowledge on PK, PD In line with the recent EMA Guideline recommendations^[2] 	
Requirements	 Define priors on dose-DLT rate 	 Define priors on dose-exposure DLT rate population PK model developed at time of protocol set up Team agility, PK bioanalysis and data availability 	

Next steps

- Quantify the gains of ED-EWOC as compared to EWOC:
 - non-linear PK, large PK variability
- Expand ED-EWOC methodology to PD biomarker to find safe pharmacology active doses
- New application to any other type of dose finding trials

^[2] EMA: Guideline on strategies to identify and mitigate risks for first-in-human and early clinical trials with investigational medicinal products. July 2017



Doing now what patients need next

From Cohort 3 (2.5mg) to Cohort 4 (2.75mg): dose recommendation with ED-EWOC



Recommended dose: **2.75mg** as next recommended dose

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EWOC dose escalation on a monotherapy study vs. **ED-EWOC** dose recommendation: An overview



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Exposure driven EWOC is an iterative adaptive process





Operational considerations Data collection and analysis flow



• The amount of information available varies between patients, due to time required for PK analysis and data review



• PK data from previous cohorts inform the pop PK model as dose escalation proceeds

From Cohort 3 (2.5mg) to Cohort 4 (2.75mg) : dose recommendation with ED-EWOC

Cohor t	PT ld	DOSE	AUCi	DLT
0	1	1	1342	0
0	2	1	2968	0
1	3	2.5	5236	0
1	4	2.5		NA
1	5	2.5	6203	0
1	6	2.5	6365	0
2	7	4.75	27350	1
2	8	4.75	15171	1
2	9	4.75	11496	0
3	10	2.5	8751	0





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